



SUSTAINABLE ENERGY FOR ALL AFGHANISTAN

Country Presentation
SE4ALL Consultation Workshop
14 June 2015, Manila, Philippines

Presentation outline

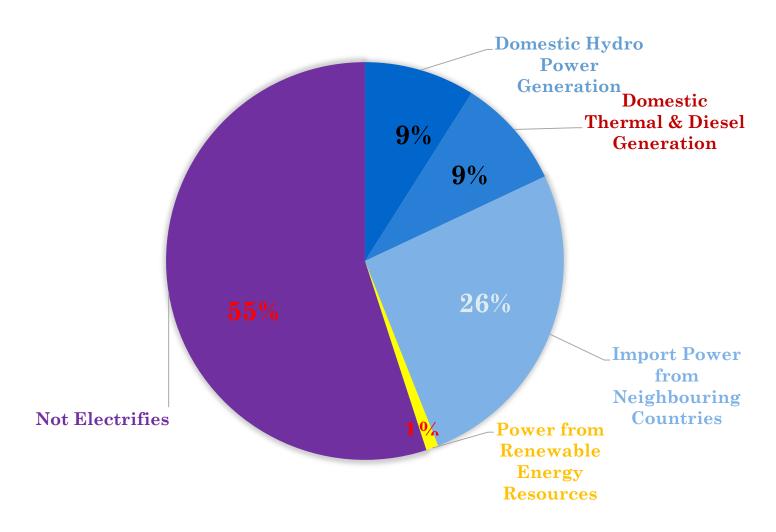
- Afghanistan Energy Context
- Ongoing / proposed activities within SE4All sectoral action areas
- Afghanistan SE4All program status
- Challenges
- Next steps

Energy Scenario in Afghanistan in terms of SE4ALL targets

Afghanistan is building its energy sector after decades of conflict

- Grid electricity reaches reaches only 30% population
 - Grid supply mostly in urban centers.
 - Access to rural energy about 16%.
- Majority of electricity is imported (mostly from Central Asia). Domestic resources are inadequately developed.
- Limited measures adopted on Energy Efficiency, but efforts are increasing due to energy shortages even in grid-connected areas.

Current Electrification Status of the Country

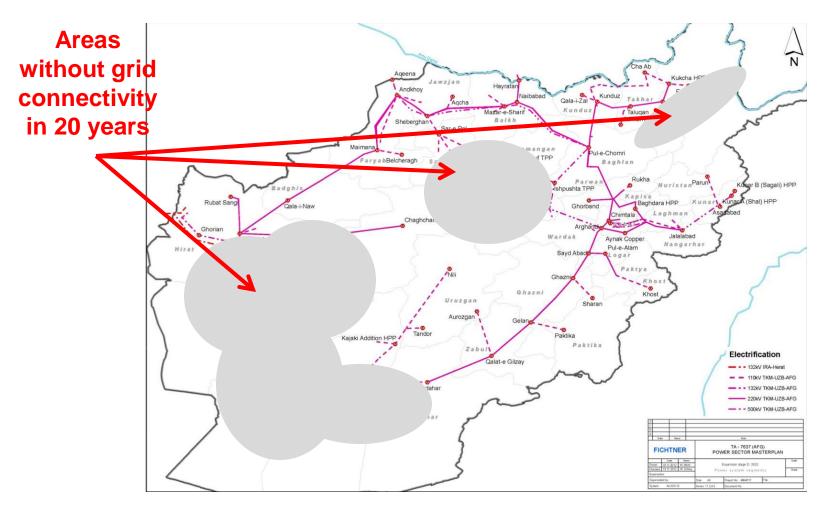


Energy access is a key focus of national development programs

- National Priority Programs (NPP)
 - National Energy Supply Program (NESP) on Infrastructure Cluster
 - National Water and Natural Resources Development Program: where Energy for Rural Development in Afghanistan is one component: ARD Cluster.
- Power Sector Master Plan prepared
 - 20 year grid expansion planning
- Gas sector plan is under formulation stage
 - Options to efficiently utilize country's significant natural gas resources for electricity, transport, and heating/cooking
- Development of coordination bodies
 - Rural Energy Coordination Committee
 - Inter-ministerial Commission for Energy

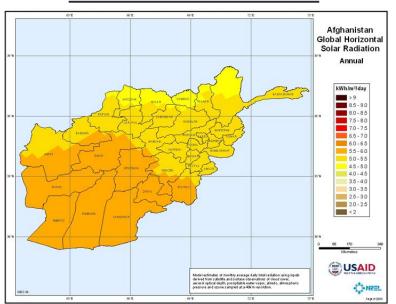
There is also a recognition that there are large parts of the country that the grid will not reach in the next 20 years

20 Year Grid Expansion Planning - Power Sector Master Plan

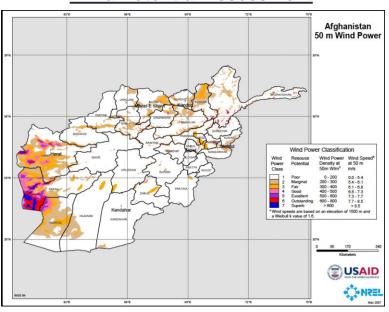


However, Afghanistan has significant renewable energy potential

Solar Radiation Assessment

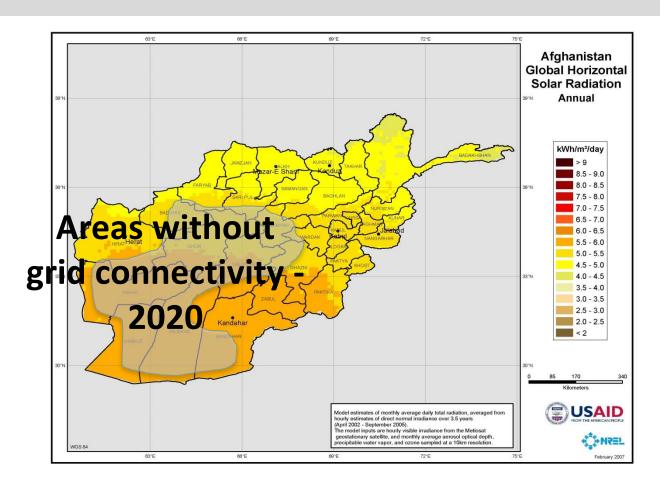


Wind Potential Assessment



Туре	Potential (USAID / NREL)
Solar PV	• 220 GW
Wind	• 66GW
Hydro Power	• 23 GW (600 MW of microhydro)
Significant biomass and promising geothermal potential	

Renewable energy potential complementary to areas that grid will not reach



Energy for All of Afghanistan will require an effective mix of off and on-grid solutions

SE4All can be an effective platform to help harmonize ongoing efforts

Private Sectors:

- •Investment in RE Projects
- •Supply of RE products
- •Manufacturer of small scale RE products

New Zealand:

•Financed 1 MW Solar Off-Grid Power Plan – 5th largest offgrid solar plant

FAO:

- •7 MHP Projects in Kabul
- •17 MHP Projects in Bamyan
- •O&M Plan to hand over to community

Other Partners:

 UNOPS, UNDP, MC, KFW, JICA, Indian Gov., US-Corps of Army, PRTs etc.

GIZ-ESRA:

- •PEC
- •MHP and Solar Projects (44 kW – 500 kW)
- •CB workshops
- Policy and Advisory Service

Government (MP and NPP):

- •20-25 % electrification by RE
- •Pilot RE Project + Fund
- •DABS
- •MRRD, NEPA
- •Kabul Municipality

World Bank:

- •Establish RE Curriculum
- •Lighting for Afghanistan
- •ABC Model –
- Privatization of RE

SE4AII objectives

Regional Coordination

Bodies:

- •SAARC
- •ECO
- Workshops, Seminars, Studies

ADB:

- •TA Fund
- •Finance RE Projects MFF 3/4
- •Wind and Solar Atlas and Investment Plan

The Government is committed to providing an enabling environment

Planning and Policies

- Electricity Services Law
- Rural Renewable Energy Policy - draft
- RE Strategy draft
- Wind & Solar Atlas and Investment Plan - draft
- RED ToR
- RED Five Year Action Plan
- RE Guidelines

Capacity Building + Knowledge Sharing

- RE Industry Study Under process to be developed
- RE Potential Maps
- RE Online Database
- RE Magazine
- RE Association of Private Companies
- Energy Working Groups – 5 Provinces

Business + Technology model demonstrations

- Provincial Electrical Concepts – Badakhshan, Takhar and Balkh
- Demonstration projects (3kW grid connected solar project inaugurated)
- Invitations / tenders for public-private partnerships

Afghanistan Position on SE4ALL

- Government of Afghanistan through MRRD and MEW had expressed commitment to SE4ALL target though UN mission.
- Afghanistan initiated discussions and agreements, coordination among government bodies/donors to create a platform for ramping up action in selected energy area of interest for the country and with a view to achieve universal energy access for all by 2030.
- RA/GA is ongoing with support of UNDP and other international development partners
- After RA/GA, detailed action plan will be prepared in consultation with stakeholders.

Challenges

- Huge challenges to achieve the targets, requires much international technical and financial assistance.
- Attracting private sector investment and developing local industry in parts of the country with security concerns.
- Developing financially sustainable mechanisms and move away from purely grant models.
- Increasing awareness both for renewable energy and importance of energy efficiency
- Improving coordinated monitoring and evaluation mechanisms to increase collective knowledge

Next steps

- Completion of RA/GA and energy planning roadmaps
 - Harmonized with other government and development partner programs
 - Continuing partnership of programs of GiZ / KfW, USAID, WB, etc.
 - ADB (+multi-donor trust funds) MFF component on renewable energy
 - Afghanistan Sustainable Energy for Rural Development (ASERD) UNDP
- Continued efforts to provide conditions to encourage private sector involvement and build capacity
 - First private sector licenses for RE issued
 - Harmonized technical standards and training programs (ANSA/MEW standards committees functioning, package 0f 20 RE international standards are adopted as a national standards/Implementation mechanism is to be develped)

 Continue learning from experience of others to help Afghanistan achieve Energy 4 All its people

Thank you!