

WORKSHOP ON "POWERING ASEAN: CAN THE NORDIC MODEL WORK?

ASEAN POWER GRID:

ROUTE to MULTILATERAL ELECTRICITY TRADE

Presented By:

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Overview of ASEAN Electricity Outlook



ASEAN POWER GRID

Conclusion



Legal Basis, Objectives and Benefits



Current Status of APG and Challenges



Road to Multilateral: Barriers & Strategies,



Lesson Learnt from Nordic Model

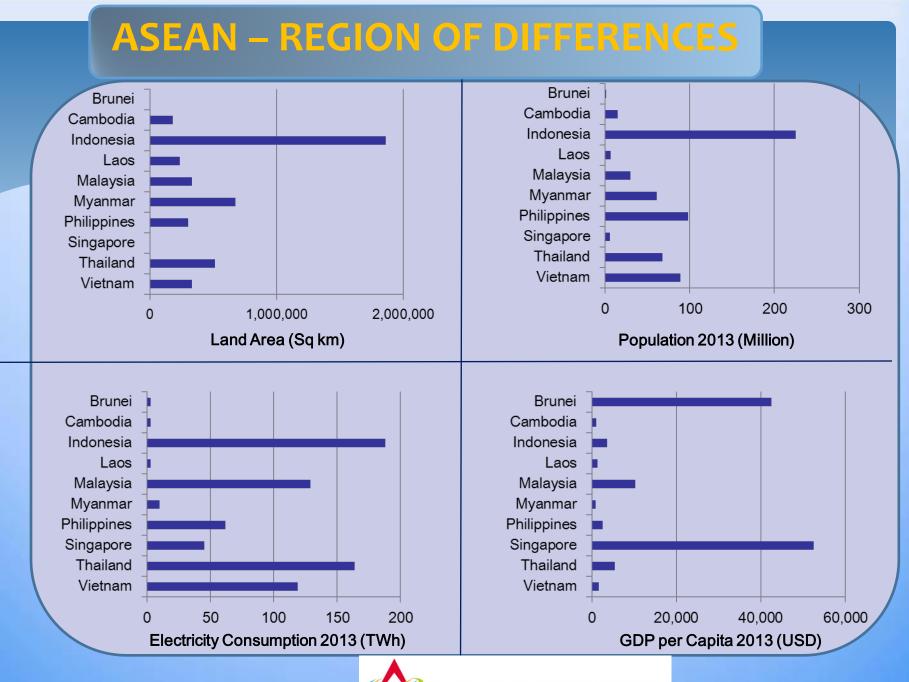






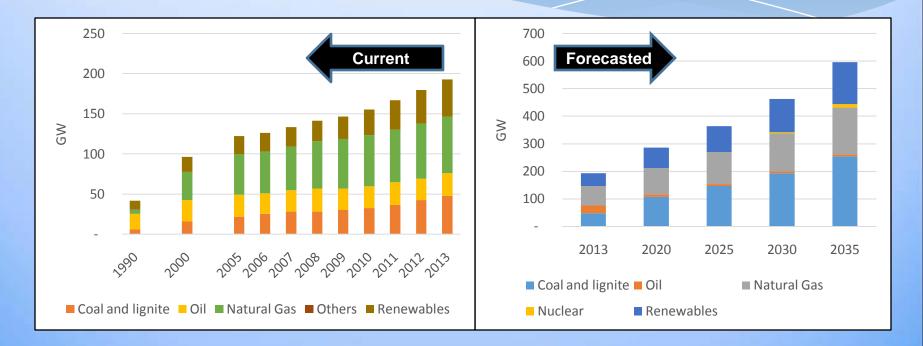
ELECTRICITY in ASEAN





ASEAN – Energy Situation

ASEAN Generation Installed Capacity

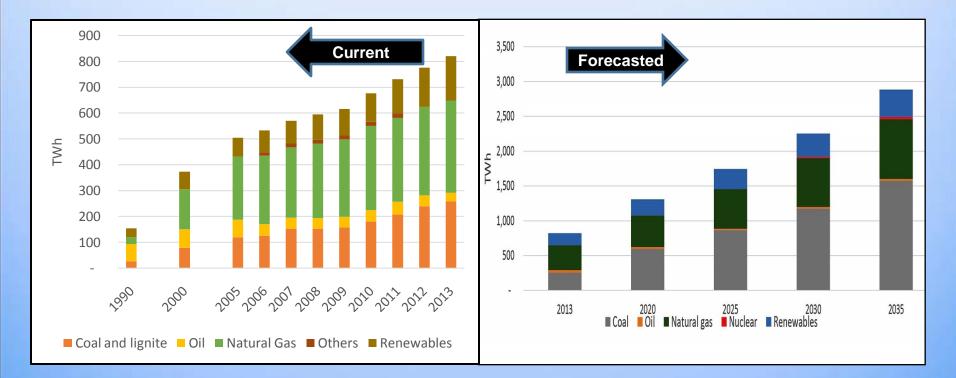






Energy

ASEAN – Electricity Production (ACE, 2015)







One Community for Sustainable Energy

Why we need ASEAN Connectivity

ASEAN has a huge of natural resources, high energy demand, high economic growth "Connectivity creates Stronger, Safer, Better Economics"

"Stronger Economics, stronger ASEAN, stronger Member States"



One Community for Sustainable Energy

Source: ASEAN Secretariat



ASEAN's POTENTIAL ENERGY RESOURCES

Fosil Energy Resources:

∻ 0il	⇒	Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam				
∻ Gas	⇒	Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, M yanmar, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam				
*Coal	⇒	Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam				

Renewable Energy Resources:

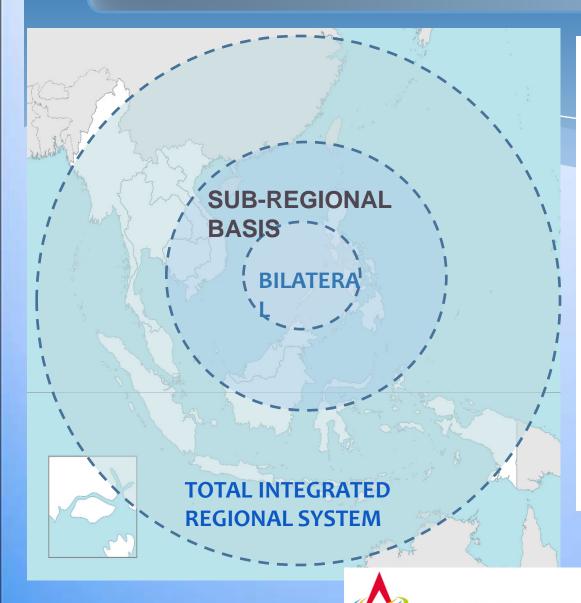
* Hydro	⇒	Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Vietnam
*Geothermal	⇒	Indonesia, Philippines
* Solar	⇒	All Countries has various amount
*Wind	⇒	Limited potential
* Biomas	\$	All Countries has various types and amount







ASEAN – Energy Cooperation



BACKGROUND

- Efficient, reliable and resilient electricity infrastructure in stimulating regional economic growth and development.
- Establishment of integrated systems.
- Promoting the efficient utilisation and sharing of resources.
- Enhance electricity trade across borders which would provide benefits to meet the rising electricity demand and improve access to energy services in the region".



One Community for Sustainable Energy

ASEAN Energy Cooperation: APAEC 2016 – 2025 (Phase One)



The key initiatives include embarking on multilateral trading to the ASEAN Power Grid (APG), enhancing gas connectivity by expanding the focus of the TAGP to include LNG regasification & promoting clean coal tech.



The realisation of the APG is to first encourage on a cross-border bilateral basis, then gradually expand to subregional basis, and finally to a fully integrated ASEAN power grid system



Seriously consider to harmonise regulatory frameworks and standards to facilitate regional energy connectivity



Action Plan for the next five (5) years is to embark on multilateral interconnections.



Initiative to undertake a pilot project to explore cross-border power trade from Lao PDR to Singapore and serve as a pathfinder to enhance multilateral electricity trading beyond neighbouring borders towards realising the APG.



ASEAN ENERGY COOPERATION IN ASEAN CONNECTIVITY

"Enhancing Energy Connectivity and Market Integration in ASEAN to Achieve <u>Energy Security,</u> <u>Accessibility, Affordability</u> and <u>Sustainability</u> for All"

- Development of the APAEC
- Global Energy Landscape
- ASEAN Energy Development





Energy

TAGP

ССТ

Π

APG

ENTRE FOR

APAEC

·ACE

EE&C

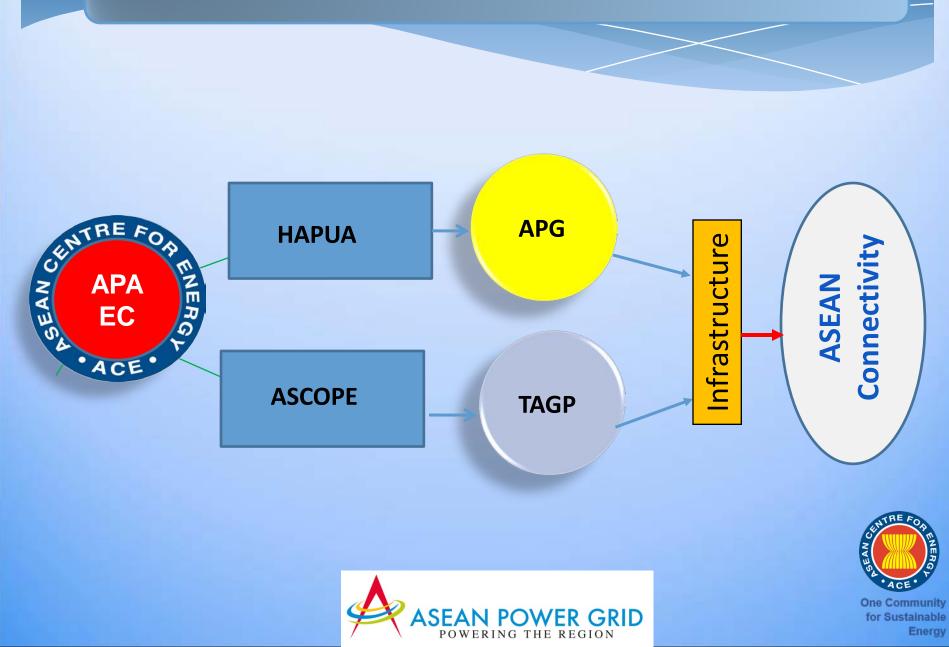
NEC

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ASEAN – Energy Cooperation









LEGAL BASIS: The MOU of ASEAN Power Grid (APG)

The ASEAN Power Grid (APG) is a flagship program mandated in 1997 by the ASEAN Heads of States/Governments under the ASEAN Vision 2020.

The 17th AMEM in Bangkok July 1999 has adopted The APAEC 1999- 2004 tasked to implement the ASEAN Power Grid (APG) program

Objective: to strengthen and promote power interconnection and trade to help ensure greater regional energy security and sustainability on the basis of mutual benefit

*): The MOU of APG signed by ASEAN Energy Minister in July 2007



Objectives of APG

Facilitate cross-border power purchases/exchanges within the region

Allows effective development and utilization of resources

Optimize usage of diverse energy resources in the region

Enable power transfer from efficient generation in the region to load centers

Reduce capital investment required for generation capacity expansion

Capitalizing difference of demand peaking time

ASEAN POWER GRID

ENCHANCING REGIONAL ENERGY SUSTAINABILITY, SEC URITY, RELIABILITY, TOWARD MORE EFFICIENT, ECONOMI C AND SECURE OPERATION OF POWER SYSTEM

BENEFITS OF ASEAN POWER GRID



Greater economic generation and transmission of electricity





Greater reliability and security of electricity supply in member countries



COLUMN

Provision of a platform for future ASEAN electricity trade





TANGIBLE BENEFIT FROM APG

Note: * 2009 Present value.

	Total Expens	Savings		
ltems	Without Interconnection	With Interconnection	(MUSD) *	
Capital Costs	83,699	81,980	1,719	
Fuel Costs	253,025	252,871	154	
Total	336,724	334,851	(1,873))	

Source: ASEAN Interconnection Master Plan Study (II), June 2010



UPDATED STATUS OF ASEAN POWER GRID PROJECTS

EXISTING

- 9 cross borders
- Total power: 5,200 MW



ON-GOING (COD 2018/2021)

- 6 cross borders
- Total Power: 3,300 MW

FUTURE (BEYOND 2020)

- 16 cross border
- Total Power: 23,200 MW



APG's CHALLENGES

National impediments to promotion of power trade

Electricity industry restructuring and evolution into a multilateral power trading

> Enviroment Awareness

- Differing national policies of AMS
- Countries desire for self-sufficiency before interconnection is allowed
- Countries concerns over restructuring of ESI under Multilateral Electricity Trading
- No harmonized operational & regulatory framework or tariff structure
- No mechanisms for power wheeling, pool rules, power bidding, regulatory framework and ensuring system reliability & security
- Financing Modalities for funding sources
- High penetration of intermittent renewable energy sources
- Aware and concern on environment impact





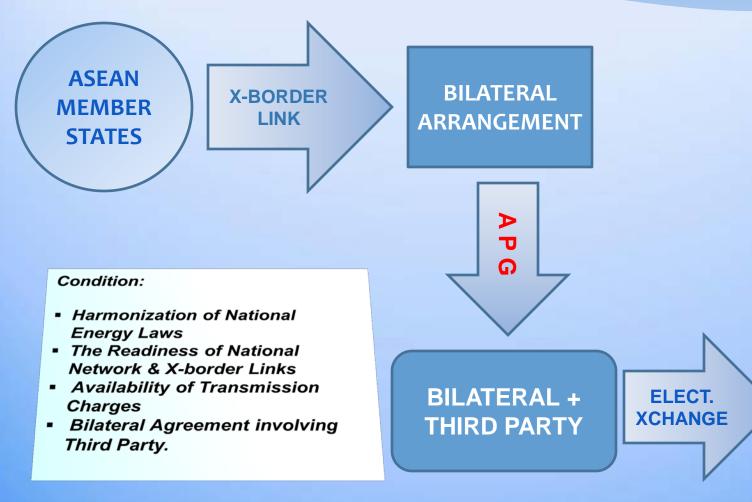
ROAD TO



MULTILATERAL ELECTRICITY TRADING







MULTI -LATERAL TRADING

BARRIERS FOR THE REALIZATION

"the implementation of the energy interconnection projects under the APG encounter <u>barriers</u> due to <u>resource constraints, technical, financial issues</u> and <u>regulatory issues</u>"

- National Energy Policy
- National PDP & Priority
- Regulation
- Coordination & Commitment
- Private Participation
- Financial issues to develop infrastructures & institutions

Harmonization

Solution under ASEAN Spirit



OVERCOMING the BARRIERS (The implementation Strategies)

Prioritize, focus and agree on targets.

- Governance and strong stakeholders commitments & involvement
- Build human capacity, strong regulations, finance
- Performance feedbacks, monitoring, evaluation



STRATEGIES FOR ASEAN MULTILATERAL TRADING

Synchronize Power Development Plan

Accelerate the development of the Crossborder Interconnection projects

Encourage Third Party Participation

Developing the Transmission Charges Formula

Encourage and optimize the utilization of ASEAN resources

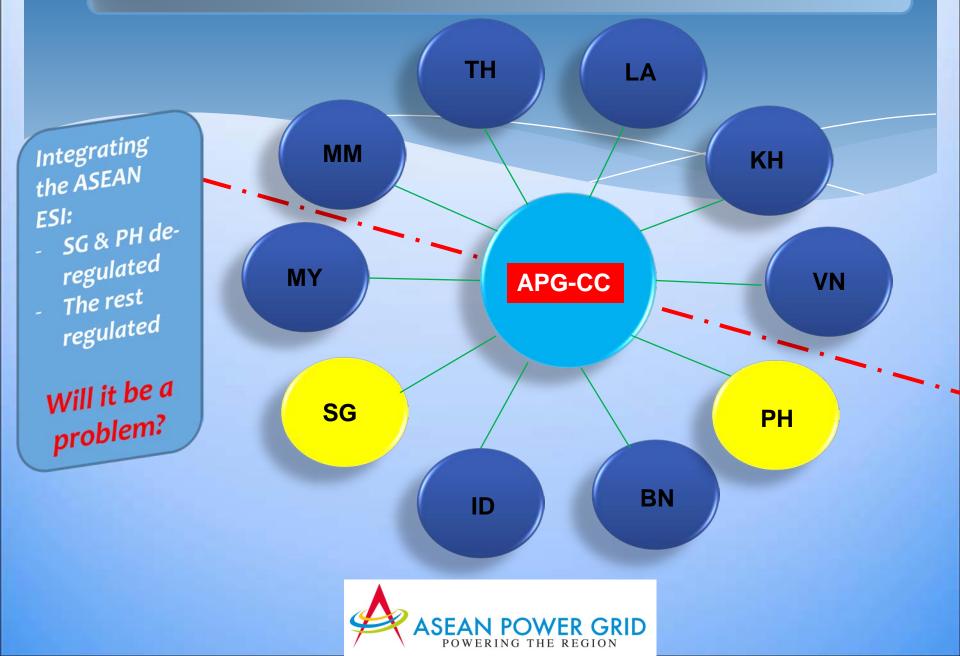


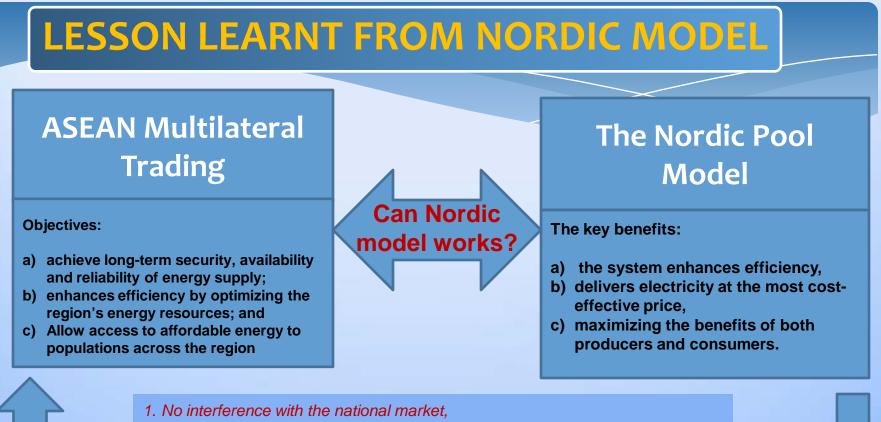
<u>ASEAN</u> <u>Electricity</u> <u>Multilateral</u> <u>Trading</u>

LESSON LEARNT FROM NORDIC POOL MODEL



EXISTING ASEAN ESI





- 2. No need to : modify national pricing systems (including subsidies),
 - change the ownership structure of utilities (privatization),

Approach

- 3. No need to create regional bodies to supersede national regulatory authorities.
- 4. No need to unbundled and privatized the utilities

Conduct

FS

- 5. regulatory agency in each participant country can be retained.
- 6. each country has its own market transmission system operator, working closely with the regional operator.

A step wise approach is necessary, rather than a big bang where everything is attempted at the same time



CONCLUSION

ASEAN countries collectively need to benefit from the abundance of indigenous resources within the region

APG is a step towards the optimization and conservation of energy in the ASEAN region

APG creates bilateral arrangement through cross border electricity trading toward multilateral trading arrangement

Need to further explore the Nordic Pool Model to be implemented in APG

Support and commitment are required from ASEAN Member States to realize the multilateral electricity arrangement









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