





8 June 2016, Asian Clean Energy Forum - Outlook





International Renewable Energy Agency

The Voice, Advisory Resource and Knowledge Hub for 176 Governments

- 5th year anniversary this year
- Abu Dhabi headquarters, Bonn Innovation and Technology Centre, New York

IRENA's REmap Programme

 IRENA's REmap programme explores potential, cost and benefits of accelerating the growth of renewables in global energy mix, key to realize SDG 7: Affordable and clean energy



- Technology Options in power, district heat, end-uses (industry, transport, buildings)
- Unique in that is developed together with and validated by country experts from 40 countries, representing 80% of global energy demand





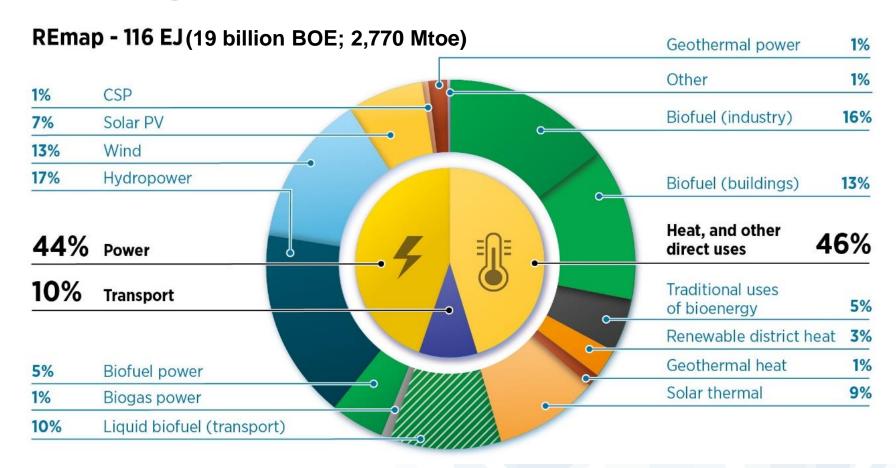
REmap 2030 highlights – importance of a doubling

- Sustainable energy and climate change objectives can be reached by doubling the share of renewable energy by 2030
- Doubling renewables in the world's energy mix by 2030 will lead to savings exceeding costs 4 to 15 times
- Savings related to air pollution alone are up to 10 times more than costs
- The transition to renewables, with greater energy efficiency, can limit the global temperature increase to below 2 degrees
- Doubling the share of renewable energy by 2030 is feasible, but only with immediate, concerted action in transport, buildings and industry
- High importance of Asia region due to energy demand growth and RE potential





Expanding renewables in all sectors

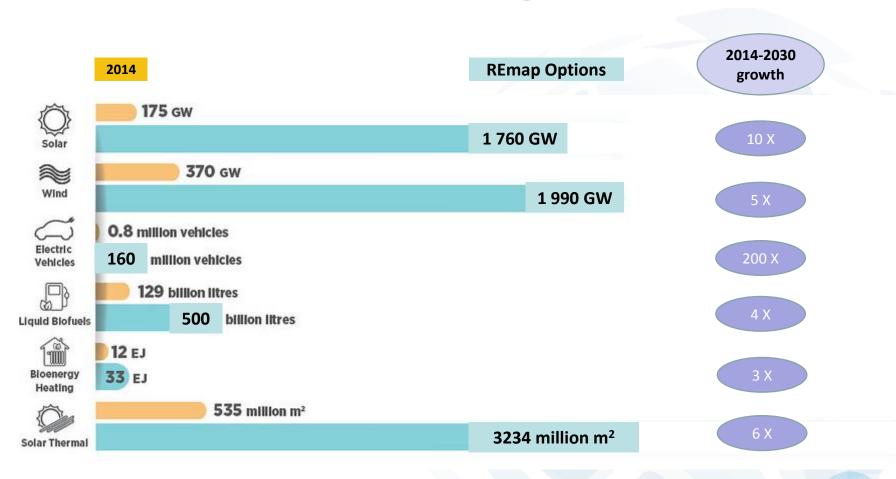


Renewables use in buildings, industry, and transport as well as renewables-based district heating would account for nearly 60% of modern





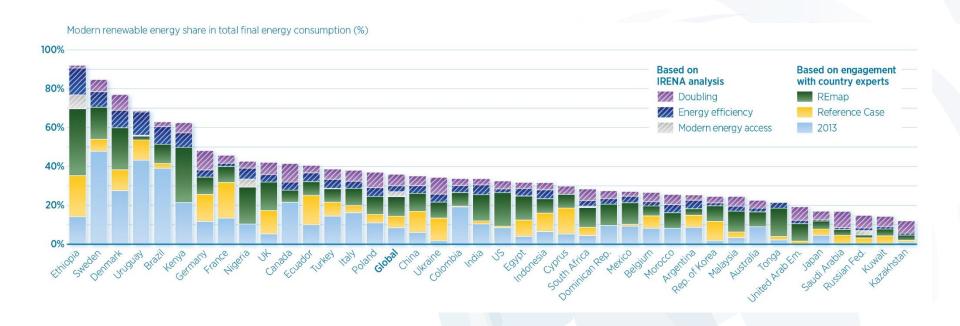
Growth in selected technologies







Country RE shares in 2030 vary from 10% to 90%



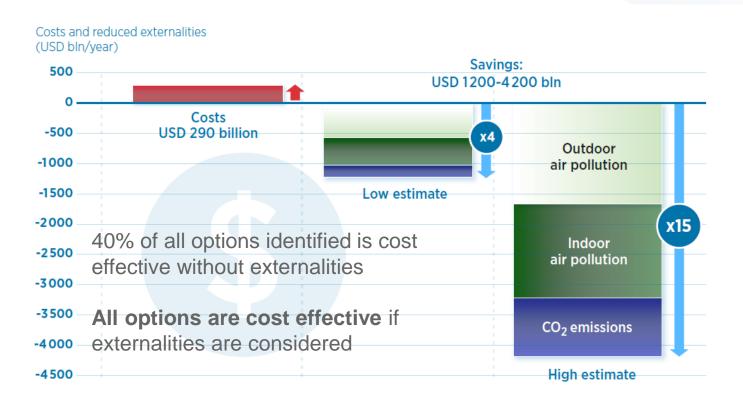
Potential for additional renewable energy in all countries is identified, with great differences between countries in starting points, local capabilities, and realistic deployment potential







Savings greatly exceed costs



Reducing human health damage and CO₂ emissions would save at least four times more than the cost of doubling renewable share





Key Action Areas











Correct

for market distortions to create a level playing field and reform power markets Introduce
greater flexibility
into energy
systems and
accommodate
the variability of
key renewable
energy sources
and increase
sector coupling

Develop and deploy renewable heating and cooling solutions for urban development projects and industry

Promote transport based on renewable power and biofuels

Ensure
the sustainable,
affordable and
reliable supply of
bioenergy feedstock





Renewable Energy Outlook for ASEAN

- Working in collaboration with the ASEAN Centre for Energy (ACE) and experts from the 10 member countries
- Aim is to identify how to achieve the 23% renewable energy share target for the year 2025
- The "REmap Options" will identify the gap between expected developments in the Reference Case and the 23% target
- Results will be presented at the 34th AMEM in September in Myanmar





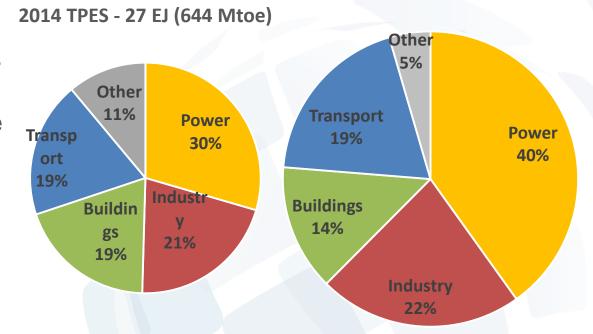
DRAFT Results – significantly rising energy

#RFman

demand

2030 TPES - 52 EJ (1 241 Mtoe)

- In ASEAN total energy demand nearly doubles
- Power and industry see the largest demand growth
- Vietnam, Indonesia,
 Philippines see largest
 growth, at over 100%
- Remaining countries see growth of between 10-80%

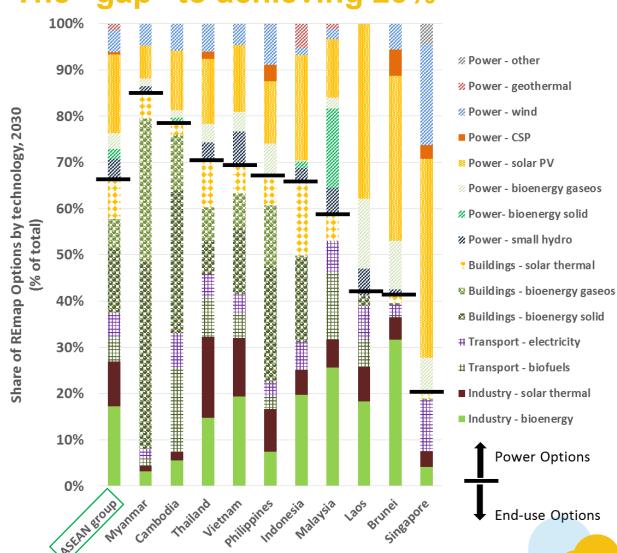






DRAFT Results – The "gap" to achieving 23%

- Power sector technologies around one-third and enduse (heating, transport) two-thirds
- Key technologies include Solar PV, bioenergy
- End-use options important, particularly in Myanmar, Cambodia, Thailand, Vietnam, Philippines, Indonesia, Malaysia







DRAFT Results – Costs and Benefits

- System cost increases resulting from REmap Options are small compared to external cost savings
- Savings are between 3-10+ times higher than costs

