

Speakers

Amanda Van den Dool, *Energy and Infrastructure Team Lead, U.S. Agency for International Development/Regional Development Mission for Asia*



The **United States Agency for International Development (USAID)** advances energy access through programs designed to: scale renewable energy and increase energy efficiency; strengthen sector governance and utility performance; develop and scale decentralized energy solutions; promote increased energy trade and market integration; and support construction and rehabilitation of energy resources in post-conflict, conflict-prone, and post-disaster areas. USAID is leveraging its technical expertise, enduring regional presence, and convening power to help the Indo-Pacific region overcome its energy constraints.

Kathryn Clarke, *Senior Energy Advisor, U.S. Department of State*



United States Department of State – The Bureau of Energy Resources (ENR) leads the Department of State's efforts to develop and execute international energy policy to promote: energy security for the United States and its partners and allies; U.S. economic growth that benefits American business and people; and global political stability and prosperity through energy development.

Victoria Gunderson, *Deputy Director, Office of Investment, Energy, and Infrastructure, U.S. Department of the Treasury*



United States Department of the Treasury – The U.S. Department of the Treasury's International Affairs protects and supports U.S. economic prosperity by strengthening the external environment for U.S. growth, preventing and mitigating global financial instability, and managing key global challenges. The Office of Investment, Energy, and Infrastructure leads Treasury's efforts to promote private capital solutions in energy and infrastructure finance to support responsible global growth. The Office does this by supporting U.S. engagement in the G20 Infrastructure Working Group and other multilateral institutions, advancing reform and oversight of development finance institutions, and engaging bilateral partners through a series of framework agreements to catalyze private infrastructure financing in these countries. The Department of the Treasury further leads the Administration's engagement at all the multilateral development banks, including at the ADB. America's leadership in these institutions ensures that the United States can help shape the global development agenda, leveraging its investments to ensure effectiveness and on-the-ground impact. The Office of the U.S. Executive Director works, inter alia, to promote transparency, increase accountability, and improve effectiveness at the ADB.

Shannon Roe, *Regional Energy Lead, Indo-Pacific, U.S. Trade and Development Agency*



The **United States Trade and Development Agency (USTDA)** – The U.S. Trade and Development Agency connects America’s private sector to infrastructure projects in developing and middle-income countries. USTDA accomplishes its mission by funding feasibility studies, technical assistance and pilot projects that integrate the expertise and innovation of American companies. The Agency also connects overseas buyers with U.S. sellers through its reverse trade missions, industry conferences and workshops. Unique among federal agencies, USTDA is mandated to promote the participation of U.S. industry in infrastructure projects at the critical early stages when design choices and technology options are being defined.

Geoffrey Tan, *Managing Director, Asia Pacific, U.S. International Development Finance Corporation*



The **United States International Development Finance Corporation (DFC)** – U.S. International Development Finance Corporation (DFC) is America’s development bank. DFC partners with the private sector to finance solutions to the most critical challenges facing the developing world today. They invest across sectors including energy, healthcare, critical infrastructure, and technology. DFC also provides financing for small businesses and women entrepreneurs in order to create jobs in emerging markets. DFC investments adhere to high standards and respect the environment, human rights, and worker rights.

Daniel Tobin, *Managing Director - Power, Structured and Project Finance Division, Export-Import Bank of the United States*



Export-Import Bank of the United States – The Export-Import Bank of the United States (EXIM) is the official export credit agency of the United States. EXIM is an independent Executive Branch agency with a mission to support American jobs by facilitating the export of U.S. goods and services. When private sector lenders are unable or unwilling to provide financing, EXIM fills in the gap for American businesses by equipping them with the financing tools necessary to compete for global sales. In doing so, the agency levels the playing field for U.S. goods and services in overseas markets, thereby providing opportunities for American companies to create good-paying, American jobs.