ASIA CLEAN ENERGY FORUM 2025

Empowering the Future: Clean Energy Innovations, Regional Cooperation and Integration, and Financing Solutions

2-6 June | ADB Headquarters, Manila





Crossing Borders: Integrated Solutions

for Net Zero-Carbon Development

ACE's Support on Zero-Carbon Industrial Parks

5 June 2025 | 14:00–17:35 (GMT+8)

In cooperation with





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Zulfikar Yurnaidi

Manager of Energy Modelling and Policy Planning (MPP) Department

ASEAN Centre for Energy

Featured Speaker

ASEAN Centre for Energy (ACE)





About

Established in January 1999, ASEAN Centre for Energy (ACE) is an intergovernmental organisation within ASEAN structure that represents the 10 ASEAN Member States' interests in the energy sector.



Think Tank

Identifying and Surfacing Innovative Solutions <u>lılı.</u>

Energy Data and Knowledge Hub

Provide a Knowledge Depository for AMS



Catalyst

Unify and Strengthen ASEAN

Energy Cooperation and

Integration

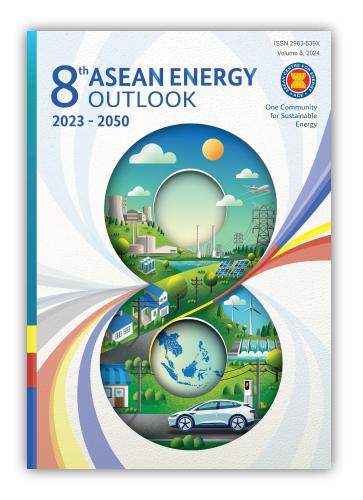
Policies, Legal & Regulatory Frameworks and Technologies

Policy and Research Analytics Energy Database APAEC Activities, including with DPs/IOs

Secretariat

8th ASEAN Energy Outlook





- The 8th edition presents a comprehensive analysis of the current state of ASEAN's energy landscape and offers projections for several plausible future scenarios.
- Endorsed by 42nd AMEM in Lao PDR, September 2024.

Historical data from 2005 - 2022 are projected out to 2023 - 2050 in four scenarios



The AEO8 serves a critical reference, gearing up towards the final year of <u>ASEAN Plan</u> of Action for Energy Cooperation (APAEC) 2016-2025 Phase II (2021-2025), guiding the development of the new phase of APAEC 2026-2030, and monitoring the region's energy ambitions.

AEO8 is poised to serve not only as a guiding compass but also as a catalyst for the formulation of visionary regional targets and driving strategic energy policy development for the APAEC 2026-2030 and for a coming transformative

decade J







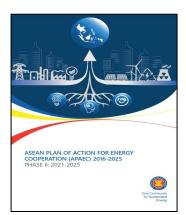






ASEAN Plan of Action for Energy Cooperation (APAEC) 2016-2025 Phase II: 2021-2025





- Enhancing Energy Connectivity and Market Integration in ASEAN to Achieve Energy Security, Accessibility, Affordability and Sustainability for All
- Accelerating Energy Transition and Strengthening Energy Resilience Through Greater Innovation and Cooperation

Outcome-Based Strategies (OBS)



OBS1:

Expand, Harmonise, and Promote EE S&L (Energy Efficiency Standards & Labeling)



OBS2:

Enhance
Participation of
Private Sector,
Financial Institutions
and Clusters

APAEC Programme Areas



To reduce energy intensity by 32% by 2025 and encourage EE&C efforts, especially in transport and industry

(S) ASEAN Power Grid

(10) Trans-ASEAN Gas Pipeline

(1) Coal and Clean Coal Technology

Energy Efficiency and Conservation

(Renewable Energy

Regional Energy Policy and Planning

(Ø) Civilian Nuclear Energy



OBS3:

Strengthen
Sustainability of
EE in Buildings



OBS4:

Pursue Energy
Efficiency in
Transport Sector

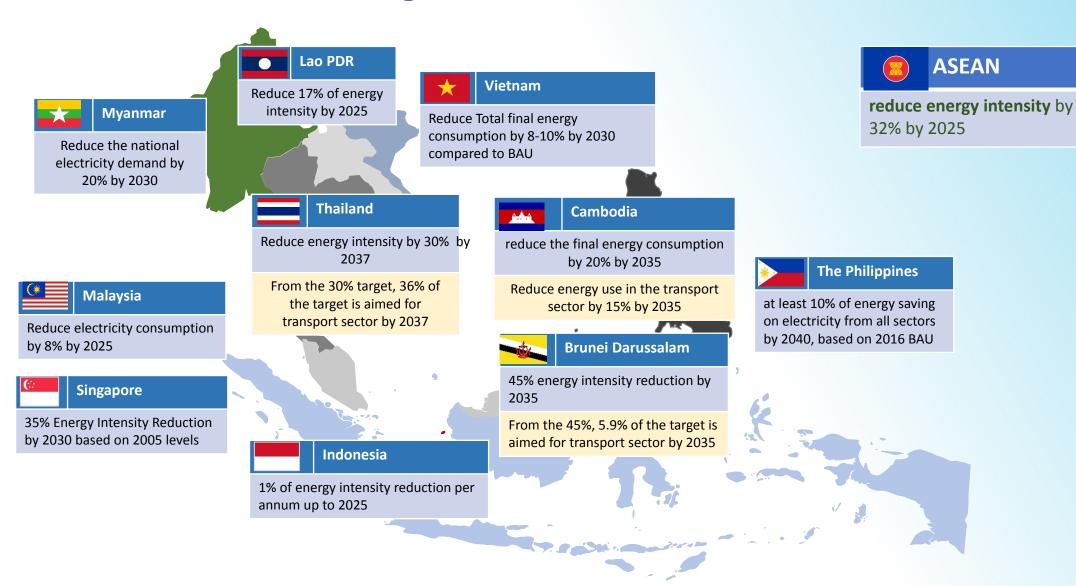


OBS5:

Advance Energy
Efficiency and Energy
Management in Industry

ASEAN National EE&C Targets





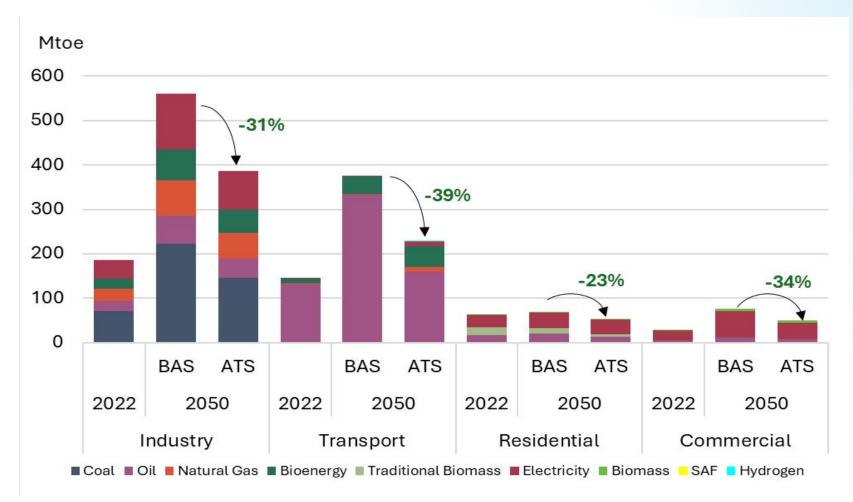
ASEAN Pathways towards Carbon Neutrality





ASEAN Final Energy Demand in 2050





- Energy demand in 2050 is
 2.6 times higher than 2022 (BAS)
- Industry and Transport are the highest energy-consuming sectors, dominated by coal and oil

Source: The 8th ASEAN Energy Outlook, 2024 https://aseanenergy.org/publications/the-8th-asean-energy-outlook/

ASEAN Industrial Energy Efficiency Overview



2022 Industrial TFEC Growth:

27.4%

Industrial Energy Consumption:

185.7 Mtoe

Required Investment:

USD 600+ Billion

For Energy Efficiency

Improvements

70%

ASEAN Export Value from Manufactured Goods

Key Energy-Consuming Systems:

- · Chilled Water Systems
- · Compressed Air Systems
- · Motor-driven Systems
- · Lighting and Industrial Boilers

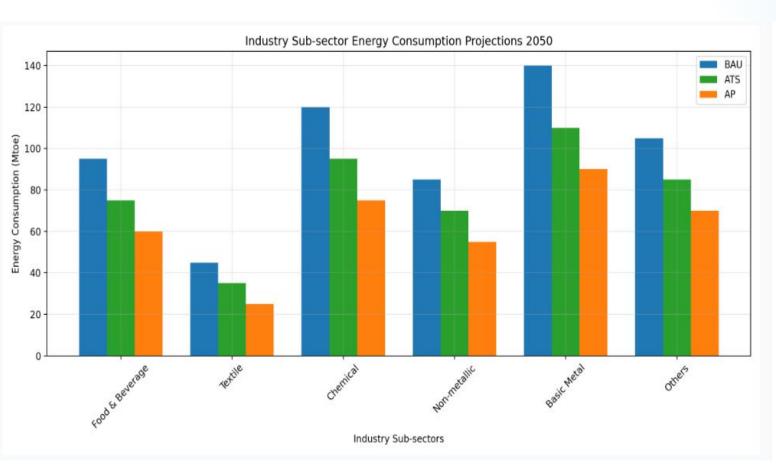
Key Barriers to Energy Efficiency Adoption:

- Lack of Capital (especially for SMEs)
- Limited Information and Knowledge
- Management Focus and Commitment Issues
- Uncertainty About New Technologies

Sources: 8th ASEAN Energy Outlook (AEO8), IEA Southeast Asia's Energy Transition

Industry Sub-Sector Energy Demand Projection by 2050





Sources: Author All Sources

- High Energy Consumers: Basic Metal and Chemical industries are the most energy-intensive, with Basic Metal projected to reach ~140 Mtoe under the BAU scenario, making them key targets for efficiency measures.
- Strong Reduction Potential: Most sectors can cut energy use by 30–40% under Advanced Policy scenarios, indicating major gains are possible through policy action.
- Broad Sector Impact: Even low-consuming sectors like Textiles (~40 Mtoe in BAU) show similar proportional reduction potential, highlighting the value of comprehensive, cross-sector efficiency efforts.







- Three pilot industrial parks with 35 tenants (Phase I): MM2100 Bekasi, Batamindo, Karawang
- Impact (2020-2023): Annual reduction 12,000 tCO2 investment USD 1.96 million, recorded financial savings USD 1.53 million/year
- Continue phase II: 2024 2028 : Two more pilot projects, EIP greenfield investment





Malaysia

- Supporting Policy: New Industrial Master Plan 2030; Green Technology Master Plan 2017-2030; Green Investment Strategy
- Some sample project: Bio-XCell, Eco Business Park
 1 Johor, Green Technology Park Pahang







- The Special Economic Zone Act of 1995
- Philippines Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) to transform future industrial parks into models of the circular economy
- The Philippine National Oil Company (PNOC) and the PEZA have entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to jointly explore the development of a Self-Generating Industrial Park (SGIP) for energy-efficiency industrial park
- Five industrial parks will serve as case studies to evaluate the potential impact of EIP adoption. The five are Lima Technology Center, First Philippine Industrial Park, Laguna Technopark, Light Industry and Science Park, and Carmelray Industrial Park







Singapore

- Singapore Green Plan 2030, Green Mark from BCA
- Project: JTC Clean Tech Park, Sungei Kadut Eco-District (SKED)
- National Park Board plan to utilize nature-based solution to drive industrial estate in Pasir Ris Tampines
 Wafer-Fabrication
- Challenges: Land constraints and resource limitation







• Eco Industrial Town (EIT) development since 2010 with The Industrial Estate Authority of Thailand (IEAT) and Department of Industrial Works



- Aligning with Thailand's 20-year national strategy, to develop 40 EIT by 2036; Align with Eastern Economic Corridor Plan
- 5 levels: engagement -> enhancement -> resource efficiency -> symbiosis -> livable city

Vietnam

- UNIDO and World Bank support development of Eco-Industrial Park (EIP) in Vietnam since 2015
- National Technical Guideline for EIP in Vietnam, to attract highly qualified investment
- 5 Pilot Projects
- Impact: Annual savings USD 2.99 million, 22,000 MWh of electricity
- Continue with industrial symbiosis / industrial-urban symbiosis within three industrial parks

IEAT established 5 dimensions and 22 sides for eco-industrial parks.

 A working group was established by MOI to determine the ecological industrial development indicators.

 The DIW released 5 dimensions and 20 sides for EIT with 41 common and specific indicators for in-depth issue areas.

 Defined 5 levels of EIT development for EIT areas' evaluation and rank.

 41 indicators have been improved to make them universal indicators that may be used in all areas.



2011



ECO-INDUSTRIAL PARKS VIET NAM

SOCIO-ECONOMIC REQUIREMENTS

A REVIEW OF INTERNATIONAL AND VIETNAMESE EXPERIENCES





Emerging Efforts



Brunei

- Wawasan Brunei 2035
- Opportunity: Sungai Liang Industrial Park (SPARK) and Pulau Muara Besar (PMB)



Lao PDR

- Industrial Development Strategy (2016–2030) and the National Green Growth Strategy (to 2030)
- Opportunity good practice: SEZ Savan-Seno



Cambodia

- Cambodia had 30 special economic zones in 12 provincial capitals and 20 industrial parks in five provinces
- Partnered with UNIDO for promoting Eco-Industrial Park
- Assess potential Special Economic Zone (SEC) for piloting



Myanmar

- The Industrial Zone Law, still nascent
- 20 Industrial zones, 3 Special Economic Zones
- 6 Industrial Training Centre



Supporting Innovative Mechanisms for Industrial Energy Efficiency Financing in Indonesia with Lessons for Replication in other ASEAN Member States

Flow of Coordination :

- Provision of USD 100 million GCF-backed guarantee mechanism
- Development of Energy Savings Insurance (ESI) and ESCO financing model
- Technical advisory for industry enterprises



FINANCING COMPONENT

✓ Backstopping credit risk of industry players with GCF credit guarantee provision (USD100M)



TA (Technical Assistance) COMPONENT

✓ New De-risking Mechanisms Development✓ Capacity Building Activities(USD5M)





Net Zero Roadmaps for the Steel Industry in Indonesia and Vietnam

Study to develop a comprehensive roadmap for the deep decarbonisation of Indonesia's and Vietnam's steel industry in alignment with the country's net-zero emissions target



Stakeholder Engagement and Data Collection

Analysis four scenarios: BAU, Moderate, Advanced, Net Zero Results: pathway from 5 decarbonization pillar; Cost analysis of different technologies

Recommendation for:

Government, Steel Companies, Steel Consumer, Other Stakeholders □ Near term, mid-long term

Carbon Neutrality Diagnosis in Select Industry Enterprises

Analyse energy efficiency and carbon reduction measures in select industry enterprises (3 companies since 2023) in ASEAN through site survey and on-site measurement, providing recommendation to support company's sustainability goals









<u>Project Milestones (FY 2024 – 2025):</u>

- 1. Carbon Neutrality Project Startup Meeting in Nitto Denko Material Malaysia (4 5 Sep 2024)
- 2. Carbon Neutrality Diagnosis for Industry in two AMS Countries
 - PT Uni-Charm, Indonesia (17 19 Sep 2024)
 - Coca-Cola Bottling, Lao PDR (30 Sep 2 Oct 2024)
- 3. ECAP 34 for Industry in Japan (12 15 Nov 2024)
- 4. ECAP 35 for SAEMAS in Japan (9 13 Des 2024)



ASEAN Energy Awards – Energy Management in Building and Industries

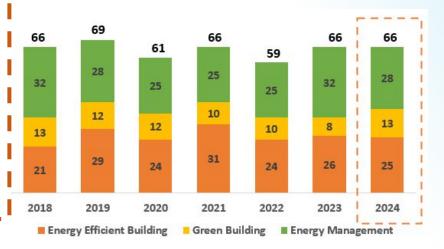
Recognise best practices in Energy Management (EM) in building and industries as a tool to save and conserve energy to enhance business growth

Categories for ASEAN EE&C Awards





Numbers of AEA Entries by Years



The Energy Management in Industry Awards aims to disseminate industry best practices in energy management, encourage implementation of innovative and creative energy management, and promote energy management as a tool to save energy.



AEA 2024 Awarding Ceremonies was held at 25 – 27 September 2024 in Vientiane, Lao PDR



AEA Awarding Ceremonies in August 2023 in Bali Indonesia



ASEAN Energy Awards – Energy Management in Building and Industries *Winners* 2024

Category	Sub-catego ry	Winner/ Runner-up	Country	Industry Name	Company
IMANAGEMENT IN		Winner	Indonesia	PT Adis Dimension Footwear	PT Adis Dimension Footwear
		1 st	Malaysia	SMART Modular	SMART Modular
Buildings and		Runner-up		Technologies	Technologies
Industries		2 nd	Malaysia	Indah Water Konsortium Sdn.	Indah Water Konsortium Sdn.
maadinoo		Runner-up		Bhd.	Bhd.

Category	Sub-catego ry	Winner/ Runner-up	Country	Indusry Name	Company
Energy Management in Buildings and Industries	_	Winner	Thailand		Mitsubishi Electric Consumer Products (Thailand) Company Limited
		1 st Runner-up	Thailand	Beiersdorf (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Beiersdorf (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
		2 nd Runner-up	Indonesia	PT PLN Indonesia Power Priok PGU	PT PLN Indonesia Power Priok PGU



Building Next Generation Data Center Facility in ASEAN

Study on sustainable data centers amid the surge in demand from the digital economy and AI, assessing emerging technologies to reduce power usage effectiveness (PUE)

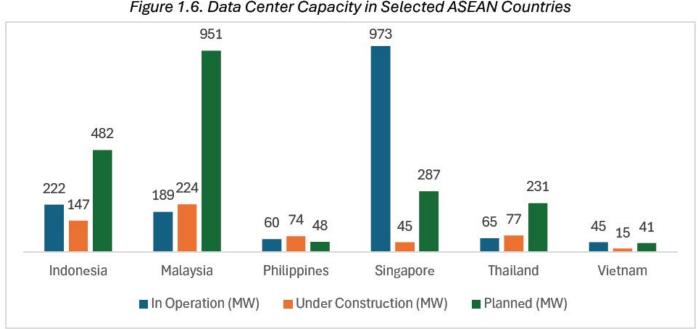


Figure 1.6. Data Center Capacity in Selected ASEAN Countries

Data Source: Asia Pacific Data Center Update H22023, Cushman&Wakefiled [8]

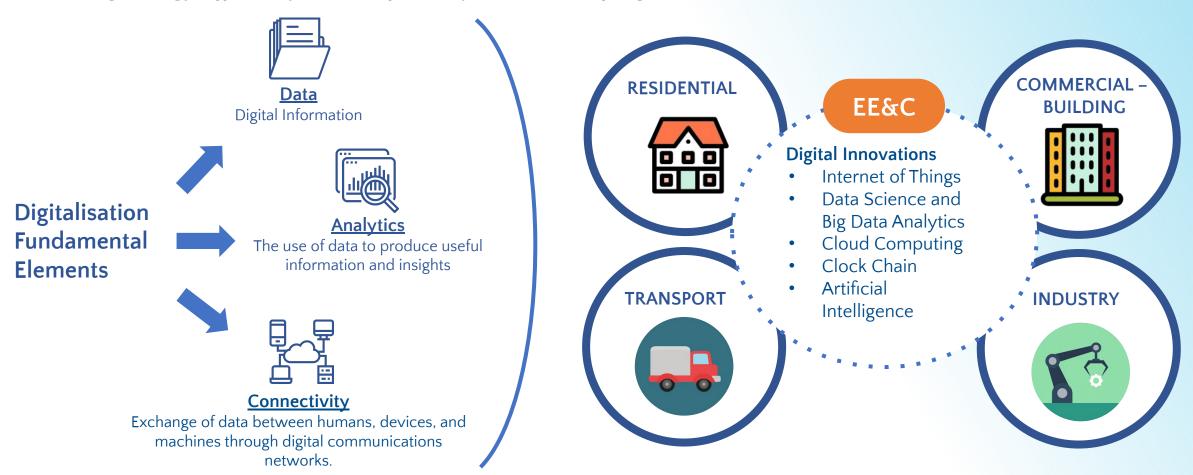
Item	Modular Data Center	Traditional Data Center	
Design	Low environmental requirements, no need for professional building	Need professional building	
Deployment	7~10 days	30 days	
PUE	Precision cooling PUE: 1.2~1.5	In-room cooling PUE≥2.0	
Power density per rack	5~30kW	≤7kW	
Expansion	Flexible expansion, lower Initial investment	Flexible capacity expansion is not supported	

Note: A small- and medium-sized equipment room with a maximum of 100 cabinets is used as an example.

Digitalisation in Energy Efficiency & Conservation Sectors



Increasing energy efficiency is one of the key outcomes of digitalisation



More advanced technologies and digital penetration can help ASEAN to achieve the energy intensity reduction target

One Community for Sustainable Energy

Policy Recommendation to Drive Energy Efficiency in Industrial Sector



Introduce Innovative Financing Mechanism for EE in Industry

encourage industries, especially SMEs, to invest in energy efficiency and digitalisation technologies, through introducing financing mechanism like Energy Savings Insurance (ESI), KDB Guarantee Mechanism, and ESCO Financing Model

Technical Advisory on Energy Management in Industry

exchange best practices, lessons learned, and policy insights on promoting industrial energy efficiency and training for energy auditor/energy manager

Promote Public-private Partnerships

leverage resources, expertise, and innovation from both the public and private sectors.

Develop ASEAN-wide Energy Performance Benchmark and Database in Industry sector

To identify best practices of energy efficiency measures in industrial sector through benchmarking, further encouraging improvement areas and implementation of sustainable measures with innovative financial support to foster a sustainable industrial environment across the ASEAN region

Strengthen Regional Collaboration and Knowledge Sharing

exchange best practices, lessons learned, and policy insights on promoting industrial energy efficiency and digitalisation.



Policy Recommendation to Drive Energy Efficiency & Digitalisation in Industrial sector



Implement Targeted Financial Incentives and Support Mechanisms

encourage industries, especially SMEs, to invest in energy efficiency and digitalisation technologies

Establish ASEAN Digitalisation Hubs of Excellence facilitate collaboration between governments, industries, academia, and technology providers.

Promote Public-private Partnerships

leverage resources, expertise, and innovation from both the public and private sectors.

Strengthen Regional Collaboration And Knowledge Sharing

exchange best practices, lessons learned, and policy insights on promoting industrial energy efficiency and digitalisation.

Technical Adv

exchange best practices, lessons learned, and policy insights on promoting industrial energy efficiency and digitalisation.

Develop ASEAN-wide Digitalisation Standards and Frameworks for Industrial Energy Efficiency address key areas such as data collection and sharing, cybersecurity, interoperability of digital systems, and skills development.