Enhancing regulatory and policy frameworks for power trade: experience from outside Asia

Asia Clean Energy Forum



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Kuungana Advisory



- Kuungana Advisory is an energy economics advisory firm, based in London and focused on middleand low-income countries.
- We work on advisory projects that facilitate the transformational change required to connect communities to environmentally sustainable and affordable energy supply.

Our clients...

THE WORLD BANK INSPIRED



EVOLUTION































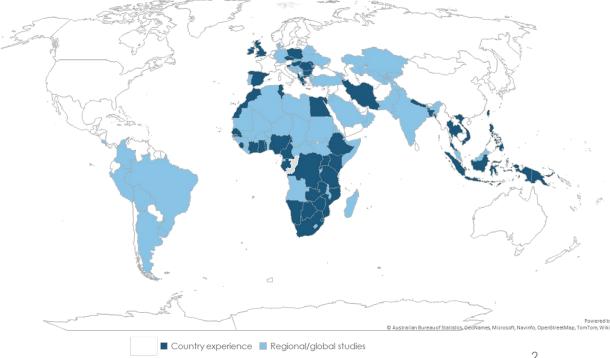
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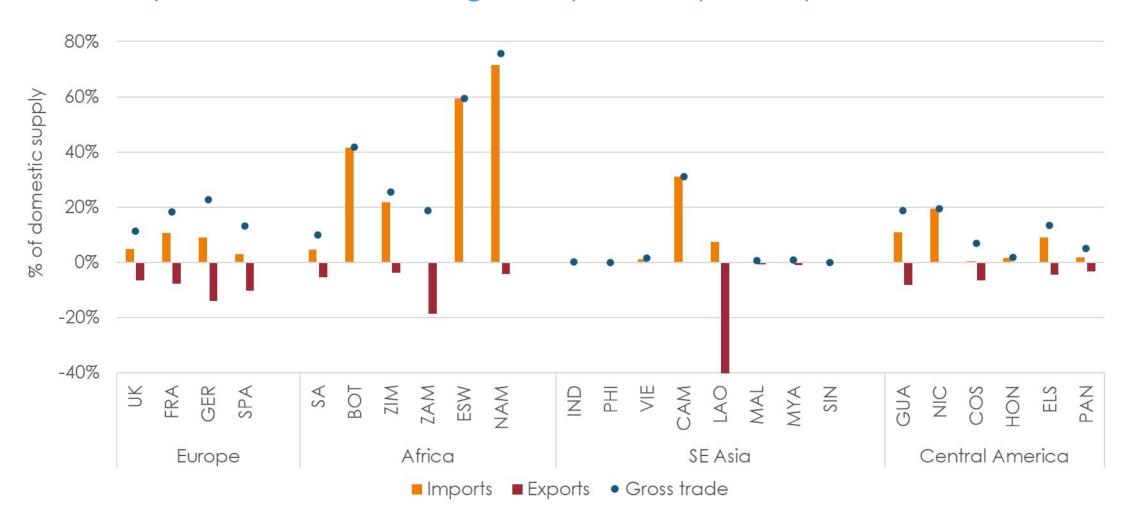
Our geographical coverage...







Electricity trade remains low globally, but especially so in SE Asia



Drivers of power trade



Renewables integration increases the need for two-way trade

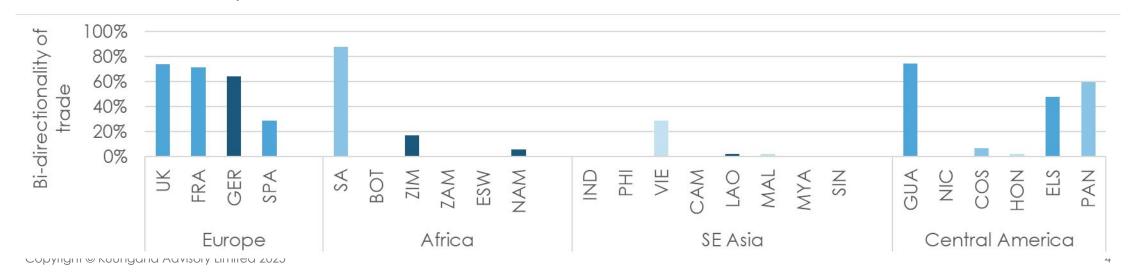
One-way power trade



- Resource available
- Cost differences
- Generator-to-grid or grid-to-grid
- Primary use case for LTMS-PIP

Two-way power trade

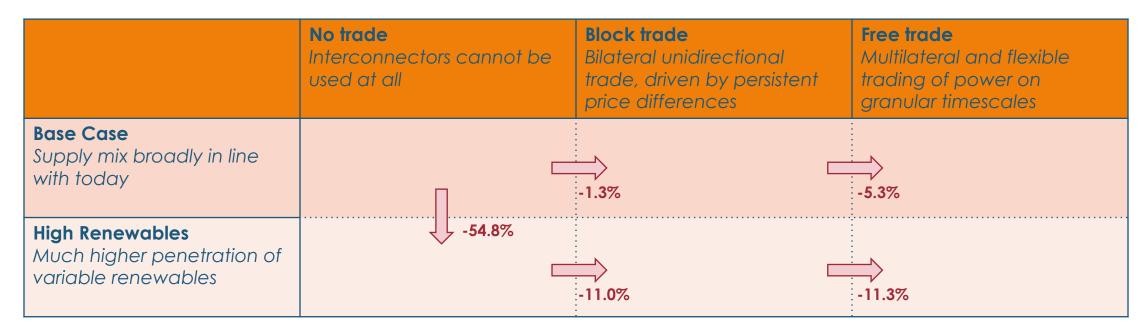
- Variable resource availability
- Frequent changes in optimal power flow
- Limited examples outside of advanced power markets



The role of market arrangements



Modelling of SAPP demonstrates the importance of liberalised trade

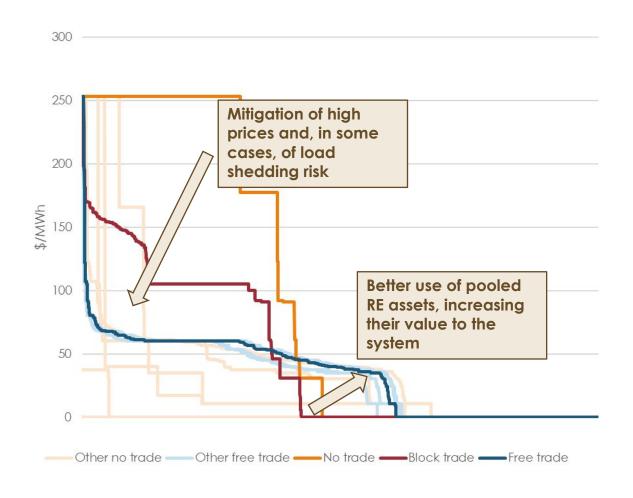


- •The biggest cost reductions come through decarbonisation of the power system, regardless of trading arrangements. Note that the % reduction shown is <u>only</u> SRMC-based capital costs will be higher in the High Renewables scenario.
- The importance of interconnectors and electricity trade grows in a low carbon power system.
- Trading arrangements are at least as important as the physical infrastructure in place in determining cother benefits of trade 2025

The role of market arrangements



Modelling of SAPP demonstrates the importance of liberalised trade



- The impact of trade on electricity prices will vary by country – this is often the obstacle as countries struggle to agree on cost allocation and benefit sharing mechanisms.
- Overall, trade reduces the number of extreme high and low-price periods.
- This also allows for better use of existing renewable energy assets, reducing curtailment.

Ingredients of low carbon power trade



Hard infrastructure alone will not unlock the benefits of trade



Infrastructure

- Trade cannot take place without grid infrastructure being in place
- Technical interoperability is key



Economics

- Strong business case underpinned by fundamentals
- Resilience to multiple scenarios



Regulatory and market structures

- Wholesale power markets
- Regional markets / market coupling
- Temporal granularity



Commercial / financing model

- Contracting structure that allows for flexibility
- Active engagement of lenders to ensure bankability





There is no perfect model, but SE Asia can draw on the experience of other regional blocs

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Infrastructure		\		\
Economics		√		✓
Regulatory and market structures		\		
Commercial / financing model		/		√

Key messages



Strong regional interconnections will be an important ingredient to achieving a least cost transition

• This is not just about building infrastructure – although this is clearly very important!

Market and commercial arrangements will be critical to unlocking the benefits

 Responsive and multi-directional trade requires a more liberalized market framework than baseload uni-directional trade



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Kuungana Advisory is a participant of the <u>United Nations Global Compact</u> and the UN Global Compact Network UK, and adheres to their principles-based approach to responsible business.